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PROHIBITION IN IOWA.

A few days ago the Chicago Tribune printed seven or eight columns of a report upon the result of prohibition in Iowa. The report was prepared after a long and thorough investigation into the workings of the prohibitory law in that state, by the Hon. P. M. Sutton, a state senator. The plan of investigation was this: Mr. Sutton addressed two letters of inquiry to every town in Iowa of 300 inhabitants and over. These letters were addressed to two republicans by name in each town where he had acquaintances, and where he had none, one letter was addressed to "Any Leading Republican," and the other to "The Leading Pastor." The letters which Mr. Sutton wrote, were, as a rule, unanswered, and from these answers he compiled his report.

The result of the inquiries shows that there were 1,800 open saloons in Iowa when prohibition was adopted three years ago, while now there are 1,337, and 400 sell "the sly." In some of the towns, of course, prohibition is a success, but in the larger places the traffic has increased and the result is more mischievous than ever before. There is no remedy for this evil under the present law; and the mayors of Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Council Bluffs, Dubuque, Sioux City, Clinton and Ottumwa have recently issued a call for a convention of representatives from all lowa towns of over four thousand population to urge upon the coming session of the legislature the propriety of modifying the law so as to allow the application of the high-license principle in all large towns.

It will be seen from these facts that the prohibitory law is virtually a dead letter in the cities named. Liquor is sold without restraint, and neither the cities nor the state derive any revenues from the tariff. The mayors who have called a convention claim that if a license of \$1,000 was exacted, more than half of the saloons now open could be closed. It is not the desire of these officials to do away with the present law, but to simply add a local option amendment, giving towns and cities containing a certain number of inhabitants, the right to impose a high license upon all saloons that are allowed to continue the traffic.

Colonel Gatz directed to make it very pleasant for republican senators. The White house just now, and democratic senators are a little miffed that the president should ask republican senators to call on him and state objections to any nominees and never once say "turkey" to democratic senators.—*Exchange.*

The president is just beginning to learn who he can trust. Democratic bosses have deceived him so often, thereby causing him to make bad appointments, that he now proposes to take republican senators into his confidence.

The grave has won another triumph, the victim being the Hon. B. Gatz Brown of Missouri. He was a well-known politician. At one time he was a United States senator, was a general in the Union army, and made the first emancipation speech ever made in Missouri. He ran for the vice presidency on the ticket with Horace Greeley in 1872, and the ingenious pencil of Mast made poor Brown the laughing stock of the nation. Mr. Brown was an able man in many ways, but the campaign of '72 buried him out of sight. A man of high intellectual power deserved a better fate.

The more one reads the president's message, the prouder he is of the republican party. The president pays the government and the country a big compliment, and the republican party made both just what they are!

There are no indications up to the hour of going to press that the sacred cause of reform will worry the present congress very much.

Civil service got another blow last week. Carl Schurz lectured upon the subject in Boston.

Young or middle-aged men suffering from nervous debility and kindred weakness should send 10 cents in stamp for large illustrated treatise suggesting sure means of cure. "World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y."

MEXICAN REVOLUTIONISTS ROUTED.

A fight at Linares—Situation at Monterey.

Monterey, Mex., Dec. 14.—A courier has just arrived from Linares with the startling information that Col. Guzman, with 200 revolutionists, fought with the municipal authorities of that city Saturday afternoon.

The revolutionists were routed, and had retired to the mountains for the purpose of reorganization. Both sides are expecting reinforcements. Another conflict is anticipated. Linares is located in the mountains, seventy-five miles southeast of this city. The government wires have been destroyed, and comes in via the mountains.

Monterrey, Mex., Dec. 14.—Gov. Sepulveda has been allowed the freedom of the city on parole. He is being closely watched, and the military governor pro tem., Gen. Rayes, has given strict orders to the guards to see that Sepulveda complies with the provisions of his parole. All of the ex-governor's old guards are at liberty, which looks as if they will not be prosecuted for their firing on the Federal troops under Gen. Reyes. The revolutionists under the command of Gen. Gómez, defeated in Monterrey and Gómez himself at the service of the federal authorities. An account of Illinois Manuel Rodriguez remained behind.

It is learned that President Diaz has appointed his former secretary of war, Gen. Ballastros as permanent military governor of the state of Nuevo Leon, and that he is now on his way to Monterrey. He will relieve Reyes upon his arrival.

Now was received in the city Sunday evening, General Gonzales and Gen. Matamoros, with 8,000 revolutionaries are in the state of Guanajuato. Gonzales has a large following throughout the country and his presence in Guanajuato looks threatening to the federal government. The country is ripe for a general revolution and the revolutionists would have little difficulty in raising a large army to follow the banner of the rebellion.

Invalids who are wasting away from a want of proper action of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, will find Dr. Richmond's Samaritan Nervine a constitutional specific and a fountain of vitality and vigor, as refreshing and exhilarating as a cool, gushing spring of water to the parched and fainting traveler in the desert. \$1.50. Sold by Prentiss & Evans.

C. E. Bowles has money to loan.

AWARD.—To all who are suffering from cramps and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, and other infirmities, I offer you my services. **NO CHARGE.**—This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send me addressed envelope to Rev. J. C. Smith, 21 New Street, New York.

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The above paragraphs are from the Madison Democrat, and appeared several days ago; but why didn't the Democrat state the whole truth in regard to the democratic supreme court? It knows that by trickery, Judge Spear, who was elected to a seat on the supreme bench by a majority of 30,000, has been kept

from taking his seat on the bench. The Democrat knows that the democratic clerk of Hamilton county held back the judicial returns for the purpose of keeping Atherton, a democrat, on the bench, until the supreme court could pass upon the recent election cases. It also knows that the decision of the supreme court giving the Hamilton county democratic senators certificates of election, is a piece of publishing partisanship. Had Judge Spear been seated on the supreme bench, at the proper time, a righteous decision would have been reached, and the republican senators of Hamilton county who were legally elected, would have secured their certificates.

A Washington dispatch says that New York and other Eastern papers are industriously circulating the story that Senator Sawyer and Congressman Stephenson have locked horns and are hotly contesting the field for the United States senatorship. Each is referred to a millionaire engaged in laying pipes for the election of their friends to the next legislature of Wisconsin. "The story is pure bosh," said Mr. Stephenson Saturday. "I am in no sense a candidate for the senate, and would not become one under any circumstances. I am in favor of Senator Sawyer's re-election, if he will consent to be a candidate; but if he will not, then I am in favor of some one else."

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BAD OUTLOOK FOR WORK.

PROBABILITY OF A WEEK OF TALK IN THE HOUSE.

RANDALL AND HOLMAN TO LEAD THE OPPOSITION TO REVIVAL OF THE RULES—MORRISON'S PLAN TO BE DISCUSSED.

POINTS OF FACT.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 14.—Congress has been adjourned, and any legislation

which may fairly start at one end of the capital. The Senate has organized, bills have been introduced, and measures are likely to be reported, discussed and passed by that body during the present week; while on the House side the revolution in the business methods of that body contemplated by the pending propositions to amend the rules, brought things to a standstill there during the past week, and bid fair to occupy much of the time of this week.

It is quite probable that the presidential succession bill will be passed. By the middle of the week the president's first batch of recess appointments may be reached; and in that event the remainder of the week will be mainly spent in executive sessions. Some members are disposed to postpone action upon these nominations for a while but this will hardly prevail, and it is probable that many of the new federal officers will receive the impress of senatorial sanction before the end of the week.

Success of unusual interest is anticipated in the House. Quite a number of representatives have already stated that it is

likely to introduce bills until the new code of rules are adopted, because there are no committees to receive them and no rules to govern their reference or direct their care.

Objection will be made to a call of the states, and then the question whether ob-

jections can be entertained except they come from a majority of the states, will probably be raised. This will lead doubt-

fully to a request for a call of the states to make and prevail. A call of the states and territories for the introduc-

tion of bills, etc., will occupy so much

time that it is probable that the question of rules will not come fairly before the House until Wednesday, and will consume much of the remainder of the week.

On the first call of the states there were presented 1,735 bills, and almost two dozen were introduced.

The committee on rules of the House of

representatives held a three-hour session

and completed the consideration of

the revision of the rules as proposed by Morrison of Illinois. Morrison's code of rules was adopted, with a few verbal amendments.

The most important feature of Morrison's scheme of revision is that the army and navy academy bills shall be prepared and reported hereafter by the military committee.

The naval bill by the naval committee, the consular and diplomatic bill by the committee on foreign affairs, the Indian bill by the Indian committee, the postoffice bill by the postoffice committee, the pension bill by the committee on invalid pensions, and the deficiency, legislative, executive and judicial, sundry civil and District of Columbia bills by the various committees.

The senate's proposed code of joint rules embodies three chief propositions.

The first requirement is that the speaker's table shall be cleared every day by referring all the measures and communications upon it to the proper committees, and thus getting them into the channels of legislation at the earliest moment. The second prohibits bills upon general appropriation bills, and the third requires that during the last ten days of each session preference shall be given in each house to measures which have already passed the other house. These requirements are already followed in the senate.

It looked Saturday as though the opposition to the report of the house committee on rules would be so feeble that it would not be a day to dispose of the whole subject.

Now, however, it is reported that the opposition will be quite formidable. It will be led by Messrs. Randall and Holman in the House, and by Messrs. Gandy and Ryan on the Senate side.

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PROFESSIONAL COUNSEL.
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EDWARD G. JEFFRIES,
HENRY C. SMITH,
Fethers, Jeffries & Smith,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS
JEFRIES BLOCK - JANESVILLE, WIS.
Aug 22nd 1883.

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Attorney & Counselor-at-Law

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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
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